		21	January :	1954
		Cop	y No.	84
				•
·	CURRENT INTEL	LIGENCE BULLETI	N	
	DOCUMENT NO29 NO CHANGE IN CLASS	S. 12		
	[] DECLASSIFIED CLASS, CHANGED TO NEXT REVIEW DATE:	: TS S C 2009		
	AUTH: HR 70-23 DATE: DECEMBER	EVIEWER:		
	6.71			
~	70			
	Office of Co	irrent Intelligence		
	CENTRAL INTI	ELLIGENCE AGEN	CY	
	OBITITIE ATT			
State Denar	tment review completed	•	-	

### SUMMARY

#### GENERAL

25X1 Ζ. Summary of possible Soviet position at Berlin passes censors (page 3). Latin American bloc opposed to early resumption of UN General 3. 25X1 Assembly (page 4).

## SOUTHEAST ASIA

- French report Viet Minh artillery near Dien Bien Phu (page 5). 5.
- French request more American aid for stepped-up air effort 6. (page 6).
- Comment on surrender of Karen insurgent leader (page 6). 7.

## NEAR EAST - AFRICA

Rumors may prevent Iraqi-American military aid agreement 8. (page 7).

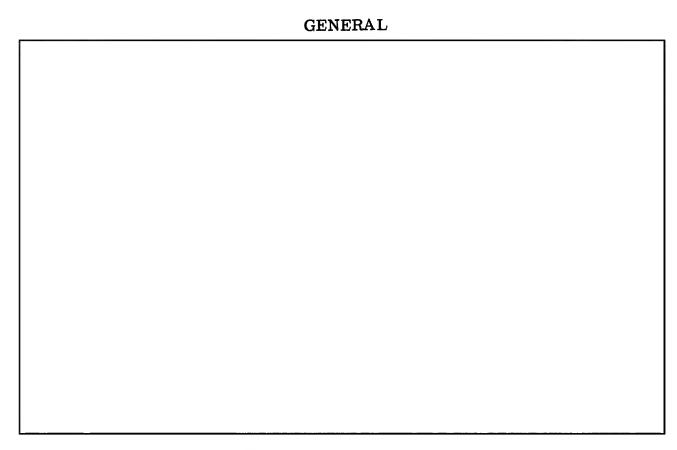
## WESTERN EUROPE

- Bonn demands reduction of East German police prior to all-German 9. elections (page 7).
- 10. French reportedly fear US may adopt peripheral defense strategy (page 8).
- Paris apparently preparing public for dispatch of more troops to 11. Indochina (page 8).
- De Gasperi reportedly sees no threat of early Communist take-over 12. in Italy (page 9). 25X1A

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/02/10: CIA-RDP79T00975A001400290001-4

# Approved For Release 2004/02/10 : CIA-RDP79T00975A0 1400290001-4 25X1A



## 2. Summary of possible Soviet position at Berlin passes censors:

Soviet censors passed an Associated Press dispatch from Moscow which described the probable Soviet position at the Berlin conference as follows: (1) unalterable opposi-

tion to EDC and rearmament of West Germany within the framework of Western defense; (2) opposition to internationally supervised all-German elections; (3) support for a provisional all-German government; (4) a demand for the elimination of American bases abroad; (5) rejection of security guarantees and an emphasis on the Franco-Soviet pact as a better idea for real security; and (6) support for a five-power conference and perhaps a five-power peace pact.

Ambassador Bohlen notes that the mere fact that the report passed Soviet censorhip does not assure its accuracy but does lend it additional weight. He believes that the only deletions from the dispatch, references to exclusion of the United States from Europe, resulted from a Soviet desire to avoid attracting attention to this point rather than from inaccuracy of the statement.

25X1A - 3 - Approved For Release 2004/02/10 : CIA-RDP79T00975A00|1400290001-4 21 Jan 54

25X1

Comment: Both diplomatic hints and Soviet propaganda have indicated that the Soviet position at the Berlin conference will follow the above lines.

According to the chief Colombian delegate, a Latin American caucus on 18 January agreed that a General Assembly debate on Korea was inadvisable under conditions
which threatened a clash between India and other members over interpretation of the armistice agreement.
The Colombian delegate said he felt that a direct approach to the Indian delegation concerning Latin American opposition to a recall of the assembly in February might influence New Delhi to request postponement until April. Then, he said, the "atmosphere might be more conducive to general debate."
Comment: The Latin Americans may also prefer postponement until April in order to avoid a conflict with the Tenth Inter-American Conference scheduled to open in Venezuela on 1 March.
With the opposition of the Latin American bloc and most of the UN members with troops in Korea, India's chances of getting 31 votes in favor of a recall in February are very slim.
<u> </u>

25X1

25X1A

25X1

25X1

•	Approved For telease 2004/02/10 : CIA-RDP791009/5#001400290001-4	
	25X1A	
6.	French request more American aid for stepped-up air effort:	
25X1A	Premier Laniel on 18 January requested enough additional American aid to increase the French air potential in Indochina by about 30 percent. In justification, he cited the expansion of operations against the Viet Minh to two new areas, Dien Bien Phu and central Laos, which has increased the burden on the French air force.	
	Specific requests were made for reinforcement of two B-26 groups now in Indochina from 16 to 25 planes each and for retention of the 12 C-119 transport planes already on loan to the French. He also asked for 25 more B-26's to constitute a third group of bombers and for approximately 400 American ground personnel to service transport and bomber aircraft. It is expected that the Americans would serve on a temporary basis and in a civilian capacity.	
7	Comment: American air force observers have frequently reported waste in French handling of American aircraft, arising from a serious shortage of maintenance personnel.	
7.	Comment on surrender of Karen insurgent leader:	
Г	The reported surrender on 18 January of Brigadier Kyaw Lay and nearly 200 Karen insurgents to the Burmese government is the second largest defection in five years of strife.  Kyaw Lay,  is the highest ranking Karen leader to give himself up.	25X1
		25X1
	this surrender was probably motivated by the drop in morale caused by loss of territory following the departure of Chinese Nationalist troops which had been operating in Kyaw Lay's theater. If this defection should encourage further large-scale capitulations, the Burmese government would have largely overcome its strongest military opponent.	
	There is still no indication, however, that the principal Karen leaders are prepared to stop fighting.	25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1A

25X1A

## NEAR EAST - AFRICA

8. Rumors may prevent Iraqi-American military aid agreement:

Ambassador Berry in Baghdad says that the United States may be losing its chance to negotiate the military aid agreement requested by Iraq last March. He notes that Prime Minister Jamali has been forced by his opponents to disclaim any such agreement and any interest in a Middle East command. Berry observes that rumors based on newspaper stories picture Iraq as "chained to the West" through a military pact with Turkey and Pakistan.

Comment: Recent reports emphasize
Jamali's precarious political position and his increasing sensitivity
to ultranationalist sentiment. His difficulties may be increased by
Saudi Arabia's rejection on 15 January of the American draft military
grant aid agreement.

## WESTERN EUROPE

9. Bonn demands reduction of East German police prior to all-German elections:

25X1A

In commenting on Western policies for the Berlin conference, West German government officials have declared that the East German people's police must be reduced

before free all-German elections are held. These officials feel that the presence of the well-armed East German force would intimidate the populace during and after any elections, and that it must be cut to the size of the 10,000-man West German border police beforehand.

Comment: Bonn has previously maintained that a reconstitution of the East German government based on free elections would be sufficient to protect the Soviet zone populace during the formative period of the unified government.

- 7 -

Approved Fee Release 2004/02/10 : CIA-RDP79T0097 A001400290001-4

25X1A

25X1						
	10.	French			reportedly fear US may adopt peripheral	
		defense	strategy:			
25X1A					The American embassy in Paris reports that Premier Laniel and Foreign Minister Bidault are much concerned over the possible withdrawal of American and British forces from the Continent. Laniel intends to take up the matter with the United States immediately after the Berlin conference.	25X1
·						
		revived	to a withdr l following s reappraisal	Secretar	Comment: Fears of a peripheral strategy American forces from Western Europe were y Dulles' warning in December of a possible	

11. Paris apparently preparing public for dispatch of more troops to Indochina:

According to the American embassy in Paris, Jacques Fauvet's article on 18 January in Le Monde on French policy in Indochina was encouraged by government sources to prepare public opinion for the news that more men must be sent to that area. The article stated that Defense Minister Pleven has decided to reinforce the French air force there.

## Approved For Release 2004/02/10 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001400290001-4

25X1A

The embassy believes that this news will provoke new sentiment for complete withdrawal. Although Pleven and Finance Minister Faure reportedly wish to end the conflict as soon as possible, Fauvet stated that there are no supporters in the cabinet for a policy of abandonment.

ambassador in Paris last week that he will try to fulfill Navarre's request for 300 officers and 1,800 noncommissioned officers. Combat, an anti-NATO Paris daily, has already seized on the new Vietnamese government's demand for complete independence as additional proof that there are no reasons left for France to stay in Indochina. Domestic pressure will probably be cited by the French delegation at Berlin in any plea for American and British forbearance if the Soviet delegation makes overtures on Indochina.

12.	De Gasperi reportedly sees no threat of early communist take-over
	in Italy: 25X1
25X1A	
	ex-premier De Gasperi believes that Ameri- cans exaggerate the Communist peril in
	Italy, and that any possible Communist take-over would be a matter of years, not of weeks or months. He feels that the Italian Communists cannot be fought by repressive police tactics, but that "strong
	men" should be put in the Foreign Trade and Labor Ministries.
	The secretary general of the Italian Foreign Ministry told Ambassador  Luce during a recent discussion that communism is "not as dangerous
	in Italy as you Americans seem to believe but is too strong for the

25X1

government to act effectively against at this time."